

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY, MARYLAND

GITANJALI DEANE & LISA POLYAK; *
ALVIN WILLIAMS & NIGEL SIMON;
TAKIA FOSKEY & JOANNE RABB; *
JODI KELBER-KAYE & STACEY KARGMAN-KAYE;
DONNA MYERS & MARIA BARQUERO; *
JOHN LESTITIAN;
CHARLES BLACKBURN & GLEN DEHN; *
STEVEN PALMER & RYAN KILLOUGH;
PATRICK WOJAHN & DAVID KOLESAR; and *
MIKKOLE MOZELLE & PHELICIA KEBREAU, *

Plaintiffs,

v.

Case No. 24-C-04-005390

FRANK CONAWAY, in his official capacity as *
Baltimore City Circuit Court Clerk; *
ROSALYN PUGH, in her official capacity as *
Prince George’s County Circuit Court Clerk; *
EVELYN ARNOLD, in her official capacity as *
St. Mary’s County Circuit Court Clerk; *
DENNIS WEAVER, in his official capacity as *
Washington County Circuit Court Clerk; and *
MICHAEL BAKER, in his official capacity as *
Dorchester County Circuit Court Clerk, *

Defendants. *

* * * * *

**APPENDIX TO
PLAINTIFFS’ MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFFS’ MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT**

Appendix: Partial List of Rights and Responsibilities Granted to Married Couples and Their Children But Denied to Same-sex Couples and Their Children by State Law

No.	Article Citation	Description of Provision
1	Agriculture § 2-603(b)(2)	Spouses granted joint and several eligibility for the Farmer Disaster Loan Program
2	Business Occupations and Professions § 10-605.1(b)	Lawyers prohibited from soliciting personal injury or wrongful death clients who are relatives to the injured party until thirty days have passed since the accident or disaster
3	Business Occupations and Professions § 10-605.2(a)(1)(iii)	Prohibitions on lawyer communications and advertisements to potential personal injury and wrongful death clients related to the injured party
4	Business Occupations and Professions § 17-319(a)-(d)	Upon a real estate broker's death, family members may carry on the business for six months and may also may qualify for the license itself
5	Business Occupations and Professions § 17-511(b)(2)	Not more than 50% of the interest in a real estate business may be held by associate brokers or salespersons, unless these individuals are a spouse, parent, child, sibling, stepparent, stepchild, or stepsibling
6	Business Regulations § 5-603(c)	A trustee of a cemetery may not use any trust funds to either purchase an interest in any contract or agreement to which his spouse is a party; or make any loan or direct or indirect investment to his spouse or to any entity or business owned or under the control of his spouse
7	Business Regulations § 7-303(b)(4)	A collection agency license may be denied if the applicant's spouse has had a license revoked or is responsible for the revocation of a license
8	Business Regulations § 8-405(f)(1)	A claim against the Home Improvement Guaranty Fund based on the act or omission of a particular contractor may not be made by a spouse or immediate relative of the contractor, or by an immediate relative of an employee, officer, or partner of the contractor
9	Business Regulations §§ 11-301(4), 11-314(a)	Requires a person who has been granted horse racing days for a given year to show the beneficial ownership of their stock, which includes ownership of a security by a relative of an individual who lives in the same home
10	Business Regulations § 17-308	If a general business licensee dies, the surviving spouse or personal representative may do business under the license for the rest of the term of the license
11	Business Regulations § 19-207(b)(2)	Spousal rights to wear the insignia of fraternal and patriotic organizations
12	Commercial Law §§ 9-102, 9-602(8)	States that, for the purposes of secured transactions, a debtor or obligor may not waive or vary the rules of calculating a deficiency or surplus when a disposition is made to a person related to the secured party, which includes a spouse and any other relative by blood or marriage
13	Commercial Law § 9-615(f)	States that, for the purposes of secured transactions, the surplus or deficiency following a disposition is calculated based on the amount of proceeds that would have been realized in a disposition complying with this part to a person related to the secured party, which includes a spouse and any other relative by blood or marriage, if the transferee in the disposition is a person related to the secured party

14	Commercial Law § 9-626(5)	States that in an action arising from a transaction in which the amount of a deficiency or surplus is in issue, if a deficiency or surplus is calculated under § 9-615(f), the debtor or obligor has the burden of establishing that the amount of proceeds of the disposition is significantly below the range of prices that a complying disposition to a person other than a person related to the secured party, which includes a spouse or any other relative by blood or marriage, would have brought
15	Commercial Law § 12-705	Equal Credit Opportunity Act's prohibited discriminatory practices include: refusal to consider both applicant's income when both parties of a marriage party apply for a joint account; refusal to issue separate accounts to married persons where each would be credit worthy if unmarried; request for or consideration of the credit rating of the applicant's spouse where the applicant is otherwise credit worthy and is not apply for a joint account; and, refusal to recognize the legal name of any married person
16	Commercial Law § 15-302	For the purposes of debt collection, an assignment of wages by a married person is not valid unless also executed and acknowledged by the assignor's spouse
17	Corporations and Associations § 5-622	If spouses hold a joint membership in an electric cooperative, either one, but not both, may be elected as a director
18	Corporations and Associations § 5-6B-08(c)(7)	Exempts a transfer between spouses from the general rule that a local government has the right of first purchase of any rental facility being purchased for purposes of conversion
19	Correctional Services § 3-807	Under the extended work-release program, an inmate who is sentenced for desertion or nonsupport of a spouse, child, or destitute parent may be granted the privilege of leaving actual confinement
20	Correctional Services § 3-909	On application of a relative, the body of an executed inmate shall be returned to the relative at the relative's cost
21	Correctional Services § 9-601	Custody of a baby born to an inmate may be granted to the father or other relative
22	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 1-705	Supplementation of a judge's salary is prohibited, including any payment from a political subdivision to the surviving spouse of the judge
23	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 2-309	The Calvert County Commission may provide a pension to be paid to the surviving spouse of a county sheriff
24	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 3-502	A husband may maintain an action of slander against any person for words spoken falsely and maliciously about his wife for her character or reputation for chastity before or during the marriage
25	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 3-904	A wrongful death action shall be for the benefit of the wife, husband, parent, and child of the deceased person. If none of these persons exist, an action shall be for the benefit of any person related to the deceased person by blood or marriage who was substantially dependent upon the deceased person
26	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 3-1603	A civil action for damages for the death of an individual caused by the individual's use of a controlled dangerous substance may be brought by a parent, legal guardian, child, spouse, or sibling of the individual
27	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 5-901	The Statute of Frauds bestows the right to sue on an agreement made in consideration of the marriage, if written evidence of it exists and is signed by the allegedly breaching party
28	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 6-203	The venue for an adoption proceeding may be the place in which the person to be adopted is domiciled, if he is related to the petitioner by blood or marriage

29	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 7-406	Under certain circumstances, former members of the armed forces and their family members are entitled to copies of court records, including marriage records, without charge
30	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 8-202	Juror qualification form asks about the occupation of the potential juror's spouse
31	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 9-105	Confidential communications between spouses are privileged information
32	Courts and Judicial Procedure § 9-106	A spouse of a person on trial for a crime may not be compelled to testify, with some exceptions. If the spouse refused to testify in any case where the spouse was the victim, when a request for expungement is made the record of the spouse's refusal is not expunged
33	Courts & Judicial Proceedings § 11-108(a)(2)(i)(2)	Includes marital care in the category of noneconomic damages
34	Criminal Law § 7-110	It is a defense to the crime of theft that the property involved was that of the defendant's spouse, unless at the time of the alleged theft they were living in separate residences.
35	Criminal Procedure § 11-103	If the victim of a violent crime dies, a spouse, surviving spouse, child, or sibling, parent, or legal guardian may file--in the case against the defendant--an application for leave to appeal to the Court of Special Appeals from an interlocutory or final order that denies or fails to consider various rights secured to the victim
36	Criminal Procedure § 11-602	For the purposes of restitution for a crime against a burial site under Criminal Law § 10-404, a person related by blood or marriage to a person buried may act on behalf of the victim of a crime
37	Criminal Procedure § 11-808	A victim's spouse and dependents--defined in § 11-801 as spouses, children, and others principally supported by the victim--under certain circumstances are all eligible for awards under the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board.
38	Criminal Procedure § 11-811	In addition to monetary awards from the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board, a parent, child, or spouse of a victim is eligible to receive psychiatric, psychological, or mental health counseling
39	Criminal Procedure §§ 11-1002, 11-1001(c)	Entitles a victim's representative, which includes a spouse, child, sibling, or parent of a victim of a crime, to certain notices, services, and treatment during the investigation and prosecution of a crime
40	Criminal Procedure §§ 11-1003, 11-1001(c)	Entitles a victim's representative, which includes a spouse, child, sibling, or a parent of a victim of a crime, to certain notices, services, and treatment during the investigation and prosecution of a juvenile crime
41	Education § 3-5B-02	A spouse may not serve on the Frederick County Board of Education, if the other spouse is an administrator or teacher in the district. Conversely, a spouse may not be hired as an administrator or teacher in the district, if the other spouse serves on the Board, unless the board member first resigns.
42	Education § 4-122.1	Special educational provisions for children in "informal kinship care relationships," which are living arrangements in which a relative--defined as an adult related to the child by blood or marriage within the fifth degree of consanguinity--of a child provides the care and custody of the child due to a serious family hardship
43	Education § 7-101	Each child shall attend a public school in the country where the child is domiciled with the child's parent, guardian, or relative providing informal kinship care, as defined above.

44	Education § 15-106.4	The spouse of an active duty member of the armed forces is exempt from paying nonresident tuition at a public institution of higher education
45	Education § 18-601	Surviving spouses are eligible to apply for the Edward T. Conroy Memorial Scholarship Program
46	Education § 18-1009	Deferment from repayment of higher education loans is authorized for up to three years during which the borrower is unable to secure employment by reason of care required by a spouse who is disabled; if both spouses have loans, then both spouse' payments are combined in order to satisfy the minimum total annual payment
47	Election Law § 13-231	Contributions or loans to a campaign finance entity of a candidate from the personal funds of the candidate's spouse are not subject to the contribution limits under § 13-226; expenditures from personal funds by the candidate's spouse for personal expenses of the candidate's filing fees, telecommunication services, travel, and food are not contributions
48	Election Law § 13-408	Publication expenses may be paid from the personal funds of the spouse of the incumbent, under certain circumstances
49	Election Law § 14-101	For the purposes of disclosure, a contribution does not include a bona fide gift by a spouse or relative within the third degree of consanguinity
50	Environment §§ 6-801, 6-818(a)(2)	Prohibits any person performing lead-contaminated dust testing or conducting inspection to be a related party to the owner, which includes any person related to an owner by blood or marriage
51	Estates and Trusts § 1-202	A surviving spouse is defined as: no person who has received an absolute divorce from the decedent or whose marriage was annulled; no person who participates in a marriage ceremony with a third person , after a decree or judgment of divorce or annulment obtained by the decedent; no person convicted of bigamy while married to the decedent
52	Estates and Trusts § 1-205	A "child" includes a legitimate child, and adopted child, and an illegitimate child as provided in §§ 1-206 to 1-208 of this title. A child does not include a stepchild, foster child, grandchild, or more remote descendant
53	Estates and Trusts § 1-209	An "issue" means every living lineal descendant except a lineal descendant of a living lineal descendant. Legitimate, adopted, and illegitimate children are considered lineal descendants.
54	Estates and Trusts § 2-108	The surviving spouse of every elected judge of the Court of Baltimore City shall be paid one half of the pension to which his spouse was entitled at the time of this death, provided certain requirements are met
55	Estates and Trusts § 3-102	In the event of intestate succession, the surviving spouse is provided at least a fractional share of the decedent's estate; if there is no other surviving issue or parent, the spouse is entitled to the whole estate
56	Estates and Trusts § 3-104	In the event of intestate succession, if there is no surviving spouse and no surviving blood relative entitled to inherit under this section, the estate shall be divided into as many equal shares as there are stepchildren of the decedent; stepchild means the child of any spouse of the decedent if such spouse not divorced from the decedent
57	Estates and Trusts § 3-201	In the event of intestate succession, the surviving spouse is entitled to receive an allowance of \$5,000 for personal use
58	Estates and Trusts § 3-203	Instead of property left to the surviving spouse by will, the surviving spouse may elect to take a one-third share of the net estate if there is also a surviving issue, or a one-half share if there is not a surviving issue

59	Estates and Trusts § 4-105	The event of a marriage subsequent to the execution of a will effects to revoke the will, as does the birth or adoption of a child by the testator
60	Estates and Trusts § 4-401	Spousal exception to the general rule that a legatee who fails to survive the testator by thirty days is considered to have predeceased the testator, unless otherwise provided in the will
61	Estates and Trusts §§ 4-501, 4-508	Provides that if an anatomical gift is only a part of the body, promptly following the removal of the part named, custody of the remaining parts of the body shall be transferred to the next of kin, which includes a spouse
62	Estates and Trusts §§ 4-501, 4-509	States that the Chief Medical Examiner, the deputy chief medical examiner, or an assistant medical examiner may provide an organ or tissue upon the request of the federally designated organ procurement organization or tissue bank if, <i>inter alia</i> , a reasonable, unsuccessful search has been made by the treating physician and the hospital where the patient is located to contact the next of kin, which includes a spouse, or no objection by the next of kin is known by the medical examiner
63	Estates and Trusts §§ 4-501, 4-509.1(a)(3)	States that in any case where there is a need for corneal tissue for a transplant or research, the Chief Medical Examiner, the deputy chief medical examiner, or an assistant medical examiner shall provide the cornea upon the request of the Medical Eye Bank of Maryland, Incorporated, or the Lions of District 22-C Eye Bank and Research Foundation, Incorporated, if no objection by the next of kin is known by the medical examiner
64	Estates and Trusts § 4-503	In the event that a decedent has not made a gift of all or part of the decedent's body, and not expressed otherwise, a surviving spouse has first priority in deciding whether or not to donate all or part of the body
65	Estates and Trusts § 4-504	A donee hospital, surgeon, or physician that receives a gift for the purpose of a transplantation may not bill the estate of the donor, the surviving spouse of the donee, any heirs of the donor, or an insurer of the donor for the costs associated with the removal of the gift
66	Estates and Trusts § 5-104	In granting letters in administrative or judicial probate, or in appointing a successor personal representative, or a special administrator, spouses are given second priority only to personal representatives named in the will admitted to probate
67	Estates and Trusts § 5-105	Spousal exception to the general rule that letters may not be granted to non-citizens
68	Estates and Trusts § 5-601	Non-spouse can avoid probate when estate has value of \$30,000 or less; spouse can avoid probate when estate has value of \$50,000 or less
69	Estates and Trusts § 5-702	An election for modified administration may be filed by personal representative of an estate within 3 months from the date of appointment if, among other things, all trustees of each trust that is a residuary legatee are limited to the decedent's personal representative, surviving spouse, and children.
70	Estates and Trusts § 9-103	Bequests to non-spouses are more vulnerable to abatement than bequests to spouses.
71	Estates and Trusts § 11-106	Authorizes fiduciary to exercise discretion to maximize estate tax marital deduction
72	Estates and Trusts § 13-207	A spouse is automatically third in line to be appointed as guardian for a minor or disabled person, and may elevated to first or second.

73	Estates and Trusts §§ 13-301(j), 13-307(c)	States that if no custodian has been nominated under the Maryland Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, or all persons so nominated as custodian die before the transfer or are unable, decline, or are ineligible to serve, a transfer under this section may be made to an adult member of the minor's family, which includes the minor's parents, stepparent, spouse, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt, whether of whole or half blood or by adoption, or to a trust company unless the property exceeds \$10,000 in value
74	Estates and Trusts §§ 13-301(j), 13-318(d)(1)	States that if a custodian is ineligible, dies, or becomes incapacitated without having effectively designated a successor and the minor has attained the age of 14 years, the minor may designate as successor custodian an adult member of the minor's family, which includes the minor's parents, stepparent, spouse, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt, whether of whole or half blood or by adoption
75	Estates and Trusts §§ 13-301(j), 13-318(d)(3)	States that a minor who has attained the age of 14 years, an adult member of the minor's family, which includes the minor's parents, stepparent, spouse, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt, whether of whole or half blood or by adoption, may petition the court for an accounting by the custodian or the custodian's legal representative; or a determination of responsibility, as between the custodial property and the custodian personally, for claims against the custodial property unless the responsibility has been adjudicated in an action under § 13-317 of this subtitle to which the minor or the minor's legal representative was a party
76	Estates and Trusts § 13-503	A minor who holds title to property as a tenant by the entirety with a spouse who has reached the age of majority is authorized to join with the spouse in any deed (as defined in Real Property § 1-101), note, or financing statement in the same manner and effect as an adult.
77	Estates and Trusts § 13-707	A disabled person's spouse is automatically third in line to be appointed guardian, and may be expressly elevated higher
78	Estates & Trusts § 14-104	Prohibits a judge of any court or any clerk of court or register of wills from serving as a trustee of any inter vivos or testamentary trust unless he is the surviving spouse of the grantor of the trust
79	Estates and Trusts § 14-107	A trust may not be terminated under this section if the trust would be eligible for the marital deduction from the U.S. estate tax or for U.S. gift tax purposes under the IRS Code, unless all the beneficiaries agree that all of the trust shall be distributed to the spouse of the creator of the trust
80	Estates and Trusts § 14-109	Various restrictions on a trustee's powers do not apply if a marital deduction from the trust property would not be allowed to a spouse who is a trustee and to whom a marital deduction would otherwise be allowed under the IRS Code
81	Estates and Trusts §§ 14-401(i), 14-403(h)(5)	States that if the trustee of a discretionary trust is unable or unwilling to serve and no successor trustee will serve, an adult member of the beneficiary's family, which includes a spouse, descendant, stepchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, whether of whole or half blood or by adoption, may petition the court to designate a successor trustee
82	Estates and Trusts §§ 14-401(i), 14-405(j)(1)(iv)	States that a member of the beneficiary's family, which includes a spouse, descendant, stepchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, whether of whole or half blood or by adoption, may request an accounting of trust property and transactions from the trustee of a discretionary trust

83	Estates and Trusts § 15-116	Provides duties of loyalty and fair dealing for trustees regarding the acquisition, retention, and ownership of a contract of insurance on the life of the grantor of the trust, and on the lives of the grantor and the grantor's spouse, children, or grandchildren
84	Estates and Trusts § 15-502.2	Provides that a trustee may not make an otherwise lawful adjustment that diminishes the income interest in a trust that requires all of the income to be paid at least annually to a spouse and for which an estate tax or gift tax marital deduction would be allowed, in whole or part, if the trustee did not have the power to make the adjustment
85	Estates and Trusts § 15-503	After a decedent dies, in the case of an estate, or after an income interest in the trust ends, the following rule applies: A fiduciary shall distribute the remaining net income to all other beneficiaries, including a beneficiary who receives a pecuniary amount in trust, even if the beneficiary holds an unqualified power to withdraw assets from the trust or other presently exercisable general power of appointment over the trust, but excluding a beneficiary other than the surviving spouse who receives a pecuniary amount that is not in trust
86	Estates and Trusts § 15-520	Under certain conditions, a spouse may require the trustee to make property not productive of income into property productive of income, convert property with a reasonable time, or may request the trustee exercise the power conferred by § 15.502.02 of this subtitle
87	Estates and Trusts §§ 16-101(d), 16-108(c)	States that a registering entity is discharged from all claims to a security by heirs, which include the surviving spouse, of a deceased owner if it registers a transfer of the security in accordance with the Maryland Uniform Transfer-on-Death (TOD) Security Registration Act and does so in good faith reliance (i) on the registration, (ii) on this title, and (iii) on information provided to it by affidavit of the personal representative of the deceased owner, or by the surviving beneficiary or by the surviving beneficiary's representatives, or other information available to the registering entity
88	Family Law § 3-102(a)	Creates action for breach of promise to marry for pregnant individual
89	Family Law § 3-104(b)	Allows a holder of a negotiable instrument for payment or settlement of a claim for breach of promise to marry or alienation of affections to enforce the instrument
90	Family Law § 4-202	Creates right and sets forth procedure for surviving spouse to bring a personal action to recover the rights of the deceased spouse
91	Family Law § 4-205(d)	Allows a depository who received a deposit from a woman before or during her marriage in fraud of the woman's husband's creditors to attach or restrain the payment of the money
92	Family Law § 4-206(a)	States that whenever any interest or estate of any kind of property within the state is in any way transferred from a husband to a wife or in any way transferred by the couple to another party, the fact of such transactions does not give a present creditor any other or greater right, lien, or cause of action against the interest or estate than had the property been transferred by the husband directly to a third person
93	Family Law § 4-206(b)	States that the fact of a transfer of any kind of an interest or estate from a husband to a wife, or the recital of it in any instrument of writing, does not constitute notice to any third person of the probability of existence or actual existence of any present creditor of the husband
94	Family Law § 4-301(a)	States that an individual is not liable for the debts contracted by that person's spouse or any claim or demand that arose before the marriage

95	Family Law § 4-301(b)-(c)	States that a husband is not liable for the torts or contracts of his wife, or for any judgment or decree against his wife
96	Family Law § 4-301(d)	States that a wife's property acquired before or after marriage is not liable for the payment of her husband's debt
97	Family Law § 4-401	States the General Assembly's policy and responsibility to provide services that prevent family dissolution and breakdown which require protective services or out-of-home placement
98	Family Law § 4-402(b)	Establishes a program of services to families with children, including: functional services to help a family resolve a situational crisis, family and marital counseling, referral services, and home management services
99	Family Law § 4-403(b)	Requires that the Department of Human Resources coordinate for families with children the delivery of day care, health, educational, mental health, employment, housing, and crisis services
100	Family Law § 4-602(b)	States the General Assembly's intent to provide displaced homemakers, as defined in Family Law § 4-601, with counseling, training, employment placement assistance, services, and health care
101	Family Law § 4-606(a)	Requires that Multipurpose Service Centers of the Department of Human Resources provide counseling, training, skills, services, and education to displaced homemakers in order to achieve gainful employment
102	Family Law § 4-607	Requires that Multipurpose Service Centers of the Department of Human Resources provide job counseling, job training, employment placement, and service programs to displaced homemakers
103	Family Law § 5-202	States that children of annulled or void marriages remain the legitimate children of the parties of the marriage
104	Family Law § 5-308(b)(1)(ii)	Entitles adoptive children to all the rights and privileges as well as obligations of a child born to the adoptive parent in wedlock
105	Family Law § 5-315(a)	Requires that a spouse of a petitioner for adoption join the adoption petition except in certain circumstances
106	Family Law § 5-321(1)	Allows an independent adoption by a spouse of the natural parent of the adoptee without the requirement of advice of counsel, adoption counseling, written consent, the assessment of attorneys fees and costs, an accounting report, and a medical history of the natural parents
107	Family Law § 5-329.1(a)	Allows adoptive parents to obtain access to an adoptive child's medical or dental records
108	Family Law § 5-507(b)(1)	Provides an exception to the rule that a person should be licensed by the Social Services Administration as a child placement agency before that person may engage in the placement of minors if the person with whom the child is to be placed is related to the child by blood or marriage by four degrees of consanguinity or affinity
109	Family Law § 5-508(b)(2)	Provides an exception to the rule that a person should be licensed by the Social Services Administration as a child care home before that person may care, custody, or control of minors if the person is related to the child by blood or marriage by five degrees of consanguinity and affinity
110	Family Law § 5-552(b)(1)	Allows family day care homes to operate without being registered if the day care provider is related to each child by blood or marriage
111	Family Law § 5-1027(c)(1)	Establishes a rebuttable presumption that a child is the legitimate child of the man to whom the child's mother was married at the time of conception
112	Family Law § 5-1032(b)(1)(iii)	Stating that a father in a paternity action is no longer responsible for support to a child upon the child's marriage
113	Family Law § 7-101(b)	Requires that a spouse seeking a divorce must present corroborating testimony

114	Family Law § 7-102	Provides a married individual with a cause of action for limited divorce
115	Family Law § 7-103	Provides a married individual with a cause of action for absolute divorce
116	Family Law § 7-103.2(b)	Allows a court to order a married couple seeking a divorce to participate in an educational seminar prior to granting a divorce decree
117	Family Law § 7-107(b)	Allows a court to order a party to pay reasonable expenses, including suit money, counsel fees, and costs, to a party for prosecuting or defending an action for divorce
118	Family Law § 8-101	Allows a married couple to create enforceable private agreements regarding alimony, support, property rights, and personal rights
119	Family Law § 8-103	Allows a court to modify the private agreement between spouses to reflect the best interest of the child
120	Family Law § 8-201(e)	Defines marital property as any property acquired by one or both parties during the marriage, any real property titled as tenants by the entireties, and excludes property obtained before the marriage, acquired by inheritance or gift, excluded by agreement, or directly traceable to any of the forgoing
121	Family Law § 8-203	Allows a court to determine marital property in a proceeding for an annulment or absolute divorce
122	Family Law § 8-204	Allows a court to determine the value of all marital property in a proceeding for an annulment or absolute divorce
123	Family Law § 8-205	Allows a court to grant a monetary award or transfer ownership in a retirement account in a proceeding for an annulment or absolute divorce
124	Family Law § 8-207(a)	Allows a court to determine which property is the family home and family use personal property before or when granting an annulment or absolute divorce
125	Family Law §§ 8-208, 8-209	Allows a court to award the possession and use of the family home or family use property as well as allocate financial responsibilities of that property in granting an annulment or absolute divorce; allows a court to set terms and conditions on and modify an award of possession and use of the family home or family use property
126	Family Law § 8-210	States the circumstances allowing for the termination of an order for the possession and use of the family home or family use property
127	Family Law § 8-212	Allows a Maryland court to exercise its powers with respect to the use and possession of the family home and family use property in an annulment or absolute divorce granted in a foreign jurisdiction
128	Family Law § 8-214	Allows a court to order a party to pay reasonable expenses, including suit money, counsel fees, and costs, to a party for prosecuting or defending an action for division of marital property
129	Family Law § 9-101.1(b)(2)	Allows a court to consider abuse of a spouse in making determinations in a custody or visitation proceeding
130	Family Law § 9-104	Provides a noncustodial parent with access to medical, dental, and educational records concerning the child
131	Family Law § 9-105	Provides a court with several remedies for a party who can show that another party to a custody or visitation order has unjustifiably denied or interfered with visitation granted by that order
132	Family Law § 9-106	Allows a court to require a party to a custody or visitation order to give 45 days notice to the other party of their intent to relocate the permanent residence of the party or the child

133	Family Law § 9-302(a)(1)	Provides a Maryland equity court with jurisdiction over custody and visitation of a child who is removed from Maryland by a parent if the parents are separated or divorced and Maryland was the marital domicile or the domicile in which the marriage contract was last performed
134	Family Law § 9.5-310(d)	Precludes the invocation of the spousal communication privilege or a defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife
135	Family Law § 10-103	States that the State's Attorney, the Child Support Enforcement Administration of the Department of Human Resources, or a local support enforcement office may use any civil or criminal remedy to enforce a spousal support order
136	Family Law § 10-121(a)	Allows a court to impose an earnings withholding notice pursuant to a spousal support order
137	Family Law § 10-134(a)(3)(ii)	Establishes an element in a motion for a support order obligor to terminate a withholding order that the arrearage of support that gave rise to the withholding order was <i>inter alia</i> the result of the death of the obligor's spouse
138	Family Law § 10-201(a)	Provides a criminal offense and penalty for willful failure to provide for the support of a spouse without just cause
139	Family Law § 10-202	Allows a court to impose an order to pay spousal support upon the conviction of a party for willful failure to pay spousal support or by consent of the accused party
140	Family Law § 10-207(a)(2)(i)	Allows a court to order the Commissioner of Correction to deduct an amount of an inmate's earnings in order to pay the inmate's spousal support order
141	Family Law § 10-328(g), (h)	Precludes the invocation of both the spousal communication and testimonial privilege so that a spouse may be compelled to testify against the other in any proceeding under the Maryland Uniform Interstate Family Support Act
142	Family Law § 10-332(a)	Allows a court to issue a support order, including spousal support, for an individual or support enforcement agency from another state
143	Family Law § 10-338	Provides a means for a support order obligor to contest the validity or enforcement of an income withholding order issued in another state and received directly by an employer in Maryland
144	Family Law §§ 11-101, 11-106	Allows a court to award definite and indefinite alimony as part of a decree of divorce or annulment
145	Family Law § 11-102	Allows a court to award alimony <i>pendente lite</i> as part of a proceeding for a divorce or annulment
146	Family Law § 11-104	Allows a court to award alimony <i>pendente lite</i> as part of a proceeding for a divorce or annulment against a nonresident defendant
147	Family Law § 11-105	Allows a Maryland court to award alimony to either party of a divorce or annulment granted by a court of another jurisdiction
148	Family Law § 11-107	Allows a court to extend an alimony award period and modify the amount awarded
149	Family Law § 11-108(2)	States that alimony terminates upon the marriage of the recipient
150	Family Law § 11-110(b)	Allows a court to order a party to pay reasonable expenses, including suit money, counsel fees, and costs, to a party for prosecuting or defending an action for alimony
151	Family Law § 11-111	Allows a court to allocate additional costs of providing hospital, medical, or surgical benefits between the parties to a divorce either <i>pendente lite</i> or after the divorce

152	Family Law § 11-112	Allows a court to order a party to pay alimony, pay a lump sum, or give bond to the state to provide for the support a one party found permanently and incurably insane
153	Family Law § 12-101(a)	Allows a court to award child support, both <i>pendente lite</i> and for a fixed period
154	Family Law § 12-101(d)	Allows a court to order a party to pay a portion or all of the mother's medical and hospital expenses for pregnancy, confinement, and recovery and medical support for the child, including neonatal expenses
155	Family Law § 12-102(b)	Allows a court to order a parent to include a child in their health insurance coverage as part of any support order
156	Family Law § 12-103(a)	Allows a court to order a party to pay costs and counsel fees in any application, recovery, or enforcement of any custody, support, or visitation proceeding
157	Financial Institutions § 6-302(b)(5)	Allows a spouse of an individual who is eligible for membership in a credit union to be a member
158	Financial Institutions § 8-307(d)	With regards to Savings and Loan Associations, the spouse of the Division Director or any Division staff is prohibited from receiving gifts from or becoming indebted to any association or related entity that is subject to the jurisdiction of the Division Director
159	Financial Institutions § 11-301(a)(1)	Exempts the extension of credit or granting of a loan between relatives from the licensing provision required for installment loans
160	Financial Institutions § 11-405	Allows the Commissioner of Financial Regulation in the Department of Labor, Licensing, and Regulation to deny the application for a license to deal as a sales finance company if the spouse of the applicant has, <i>inter alia</i> , had a license revoked
161	Financial Institutions § 11-502(b)(8)	Exempts a person making a mortgage loan to a borrower who is that person's spouse or a child's spouse from the licensing requirement for mortgage lenders
162	Health General § 4-215(e)(5)(iii)	States that the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene may not deny inspection of a burial permit record to the spouse of the deceased whose human remains have been disinterred or reinterred
163	Health General § 4-217(e)	Requires the Secretary of Health and Mental Hygiene to include a notice which advises that certain individuals may be entitled to continuation of group health insurance benefits with every copy of a death certificate
164	Health General § 5-501(b)(1)(ii)	Allows a spouse to grant consent for a postmortem examination of a body by a physician if the spouse has assumed control of the body for its final disposition
165	Health General § 5-509(c)(1)	States that the surviving spouse of a deceased individual has first priority to the right to arrange for the final disposition of the body of the decedent if the decedent had not executed a document that expresses the decedent's wishes concerning the disposition of their body
166	Health General § 5-602(b)(3)	Prohibits a spouse of an owner, operator, or employee of a health care facility from which the declarant of an advance directive is receiving health care from serving as a health care agent
167	Health General § 5-605(a)(2)(ii)	Allows a patient's spouse to make decisions about health care for a person who has been certified to be incapable of making an informed decision and who has not appointed a health care agent
168	Health General § 7-1003(f)	Provides that spouses who are both residents of a licensed residential facility for developmental disabilities shall be given the opportunity to share a room if it is feasible to do so and not medically contraindicated

169	Health General § 7-1003(i)(2)	Provides that each married individual in a licensed residential facility for developmental disabilities shall have privacy during a visit by the spouse
170	Health General § 10-616(c)(2)	Prohibits a certificate for involuntary admission of a minor to a State mental health facility to be used if the physician or psychologist who signed the certificate is related by marriage to the individual or to the applicant
171	Health General § 10-807(e)(2)	Prohibits an individual from being transported between mental health facilities without a spouse of the individual
172	Health General § 13-104(a)(2)(iv)	Prohibits a voting member of the State Advisory Council on Hereditary and Congenital Disorders appointed by the Governor from being a spouse of a health professional or spouse of an individual involved in the administration or ownership of any health care institution or health insurance organization
173	Health General § 15-122(a)	States that the spouse of a Maryland Medical Assistance Program recipient is responsible for payments for the health care needs of the Program recipient to the extent that the spouse is able to pay
174	Health General §§ 15-201(c)(ii), 15-202(c)	States an individual is eligible for the Maryland AIDS Insurance Assistance Program if, <i>inter alia</i> , the individual's family, which includes the applicant/recipient's spouse, cash assets do not exceed \$10,000 and the individual's family income does not exceed 300% of the federal poverty level
175	Health General §§ 16-101(f), 16-203(a)(4)	Exempts from the cost of care of a recipient of services in a facility or program that is operated or funded by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene who is a responsible relative if any responsible relative, which includes a spouse of a recipient, has been the victim of sexual abuse, physical abuse, or a crime of violence perpetrated by the recipient of services
176	Health General §§ 16-101(f), 16-204(d)(4)	States that if a responsible relative, which includes the spouse of a recipient of services, who is liable for the cost of care of the recipient of services has misrepresented assets or submitted fraudulent information and, by doing so, has avoided any part of the claim for the cost of care, there is no limitation on the time in which the claim may be brought against the estate
177	Health General §§ 16-101(f), 16-404(c)	States that the liability of responsible relatives, which include the spouse of a recipient of services, for the cost of care of a mentally retarded individual in a residential, State facility ceases when the cost of care of the mentally retarded individual has been charged for a period or periods that total 16 years
178	Health General § 19-310	For the purposes of organ donation, a spouse has first priority as the deceased's representative.
179	Health General § 19-344	Spouses who are both admitted to a hospital or related institution shall be given the opportunity to share a room, if it is feasible and medically appropriate. Further, each married resident of a facility shall have privacy during a visit by the spouse.
180	Health General § 20-102	A minor has the same capacity as an adult to consent to medical treatment only if the minor is married or is a parent. Further, without the consent of or over the express objection of a minor, physicians and others may give a parent, guardian, or custodian of the minor or the spouse of the parent information about treatment needed by the minor.
181	Health General § 20-104	Without the consent of or over the express objection of a minor, various physicians and others may give a parent, guardian, or custodian of the minor or the spouse of the parent information about treatment of a mental disorder needed by the minor.

182	Health General § 20-105	For the purposes of informal kinship care, "relative," as it relates to minors' consent, is defined as an adult related to the child by blood or marriage within the fifth degree of consanguinity.
183	Health Occupations §§ 1-301(j)(1), 1-302(a)	Prohibits a health care practitioner from referring a patient to a health care entity in which the health care practitioner's spouse owns a beneficial interest
184	Health Occupations §§ 1-301(j)(1), 1-303(a)	Requires a health care practitioner making a lawful referral to disclose the existence of the beneficial interest of a spouse in the health care entity to which the referral is being made
185	Health Occupations §§ 7-101(s), 7-308(a)	Requires the Maryland State Board of Morticians to issue a surviving spouse license to an applicant if the applicant is the surviving spouse of a licensed mortician or licensed funeral director whose license was in good standing at the time of death and who was operating and wholly or partly owned a mortuary science business at the time of death
186	Health Occupations §§ 7-101(s), 7-308.1	Requires a personal representative who wishes to continue operation of a mortuary science business upon expiration of the executor license must be a holder of a surviving spouse license
187	Health Occupations §§ 7-101(s), 7-310(c)(2)	Requires the Maryland State Board of Morticians to issue a funeral establishment license to a funeral establishment that will be owned and operated by at least one holder of a surviving spouse license
188	Health Occupations §§ 7-101(s), 7-405(b)(1)	Allows a holder of a surviving spouse license to offer or agree to provide services or merchandise under a pre-need contract
189	Health Occupations §§ 7-101(s), 7-407(a)	Requires a licensed funeral director to provide to a surviving spouse of the deceased or authorized representative a notice which advises that certain individuals may be entitled to continuation of group health insurance benefits
190	Health Occupations §§ 7-101(s), 7-410(c)	States that the surviving spouse of a deceased individual has first priority to the right to arrange for the final disposition of the body of the decedent if the decedent had not executed a document that expresses the decedent's wishes concerning the disposition of their body
191	Insurance § 8-606(d)	Requires that before an offer to purchase a policy can be made to the viator, a viatical settlement provider shall provide to the viator a disclosure statement containing specified language notifying the viator of the requirement to disclose the identity of the insured's spouse
192	Insurance § 10-120(a)(2)	Allows the Maryland Insurance Commissioner to issue a temporary license to act as an insurance producer to a surviving spouse of a deceased or mentally or physically disabled insurance producer
193	Insurance § 12-202(b)(1)	Allows a spouse to put into effect life or health insurance on the other spouse
194	Insurance § 14-115(e)(9)	Prohibits a member of the board of directors of a nonprofit health services plan from being another member's spouse, child's spouse, spouse's parent, or sibling's spouse
195	Insurance § 15-201(c)(2)(ii)	Allows a policy of health insurance to insure a policyholder's spouse by application of an adult member of a family
196	Insurance § 15-215	Allows an insurer to include in a policy an optional provision permitting an indemnity payable to an estate or beneficiary under 18 years of age to be paid to any relative by blood or connection by marriage
197	Insurance § 15-404(b)	Allows the coverage on a group or blanket health insurance policy of a subscriber's dependent children at any time and without evidence of insurability if the children were covered under the policy of the subscriber's spouse

198	Insurance § 15-407(b)(2)	Requires a group contract insurance provider to provide continuation coverage for a qualified secondary beneficiary, which includes the spouse of the insured, after the death of the insured
199	Insurance § 15-408(b)(2)	Requires a group contract insurance provider to provide continuation coverage for a qualified secondary beneficiary, which includes the spouse of the insured, after the divorce of the insured and the beneficiary spouse
200	Insurance § 15-409(d)(5)	Requires a group contract insurance provider to provide continuation coverage for the spouse of the insured if the group contract provides benefits for spouses and the insured's spouse was covered on the group contract before the insured was involuntarily terminated
201	Insurance § 15-411(a)	Requires a group contract insurance provider to provide continuous open enrollment for the purpose of allowing a married employee who is enrolled to alter the terms of the employee's coverage to include the employee's spouse if the employee's spouse loses coverage under another group health insurance contract because of the involuntary termination of the spouse's employment
202	Insurance § 15-414(b)	Requires a group contract insurance provider to provide the same conversion rights and conditions to a covered dependent spouse of an employee that are provided to the covered employee if the dependent spouse ceased to be a qualified family member because of divorce or death of the employee
203	Insurance § 15-810(b)	Prohibits an insurer or nonprofit health service plan that provides pregnancy-related benefits may not exclude benefits for all outpatient expenses arising from in vitro fertilization procedures performed on the dependent spouse of a policyholder or subscriber
204	Insurance § 15-1206(c)(3)	States that employees who have group spousal coverage are not eligible for certain other forms of insurance
205	Insurance § 15-1208(b)	Excludes a late enrollee in a health services plan from coverage for preexisting conditions if the a court has ordered coverage to be provided for a spouse or a request for enrollment is made within 30 days after the eligible employee's marriage
206	Insurance § 15-1208.1(c)	Requires all small employer health benefit plans to provide a special enrollment period during which an individual who becomes a dependent of the eligible employee through marriage, an eligible employee who acquires a new dependent through marriage, or the spouse of an eligible employee at the birth or adoption of a child may be enrolled under the health benefit plan
207	Insurance § 15-1406.1(c)	Requires a group health benefit plan to provide a special enrollment period during which an individual who becomes a dependent of the eligible employee through marriage, an eligible employee who acquires a new dependent through marriage, or the spouse of an eligible employee at the birth or adoption of a child may be enrolled under the group health benefit plan
208	Insurance § 16-110(a)	Allows an insurer to pay the life insurance proceeds of a resident of the State who dies intestate with an estate not exceeding \$1,000 to the decedent's surviving spouse without the grant of letters of administration under certain circumstances
209	Insurance § 16-111(a)	Exempts from creditors the proceeds of a policy of life insurance made for the benefit of or assigned to the spouse of an individual
210	Insurance § 16-212(b)(1)(ii)	Allows for a clause to be included on a policy of life insurance that allows the insurer to make a payment under the policy to any relative of the insured by connection by marriage

211	Insurance § 16-305(c)	Sets the cash surrender value of family life insurance policies that defines a primary insured and provides term insurance on the life of the spouse of the primary insured that expires before the spouse's age 71
212	Insurance § 17-209(a), (c)	Allows insurance under a policy of group life insurance to be extended to cover the spouse of each insured employee and provides rights of conversion to an insured spouse if the policy terminates or is amended to terminate the spouse's coverage
213	Insurance § 20-519	Requires that the suspension or revocation of a Maryland Automobile Insurance Fund policyholder's license cannot result in the cancellation of a coverage of a spouse included on the policy
214	Insurance § 20-601(e)(1)(iii)	Prohibits a uninsured driver's spouse who lives in the uninsured driver's household from submitting a claim against the Maryland Automobile Insurance Fund
215	Labor and Employment § 3-403(a)(7)	Excludes a spouse of an employer from the requirement of minimum wage
216	Labor and Employment § 8-215(1)	Excludes employment for a spouse from covered employment with regard to unemployment insurance benefits
217	Labor and Employment § 8-220(b)(2)	Excludes employment at an educational institution by a spouse of a student enrolled and regularly attending classes at that institution from covered employment with regard to unemployment insurance benefits
218	Labor and Employment § 8-808.1	States that alimony and spousal support can only be withheld from unemployment insurance to the extent of federal law
219	Labor and Employment § 8-1001(d)(2)	Requires disqualification of an individual from receiving unemployment benefits if an individual leaves employment to accompany or join a spouse at a new location
220	Labor and Employment § 9-509(d)	Allows a surviving spouse of a covered employee killed as a result of the deliberate intent of the employer to bring a claim for worker's compensation
221	Labor and Employment § 9-632(d)(1)	Provides a surviving spouse of a covered employee with a permanent partial disability who died with a legal obligation to support that spouse with the right to the unpaid worker's compensation due the employee
222	Labor and Employment § 9-640(d)(1)	Provides a surviving spouse of a covered employee with a permanent total disability who died with a legal obligation to support that spouse with the right to the unpaid worker's compensation due the employee
223	Labor and Employment § 9-646(d)(1)	Provides a surviving spouse of a covered employee with a hernia who died with a legal obligation to support that spouse with the right to the unpaid worker's compensation due the employee
224	Labor and Employment § 9-680(a)	Precludes a surviving spouse of a covered employee whose death was caused by an accidental personal injury or an occupational disease from receiving worker's compensation benefits if the surviving spouse deserts the covered employee any time after a year before the occurrence of the accident or disablement
225	Labor and Employment § 9-681(d)	Requires an employer to continue to pay weekly death benefits to a wholly dependent surviving spouse who remains wholly dependent after \$45,000 is paid, for as long as the surviving spouse is totally dependent
226	Labor and Employment § 9-681(e)	Requires an employer to continue to pay weekly death benefits to a wholly dependent surviving spouse who becomes wholly or partially self-supporting before the employer pays \$45,000 until \$45,000 is paid

227	Labor and Employment § 9-681(f)	Requires an employer to discontinue payment of weekly death benefits to a wholly dependent surviving spouse who remarries before \$45,000 is paid, unless the surviving spouse does not have dependent children
228	Labor and Employment § 9-682(d)	Requires an employer to continue payment of weekly death benefits to a partially dependent surviving spouse who remarries and does not have dependent children and who had not received more than \$45,000 before the marriage
229	Natural Resources § 4-604(d)(1)	Exempts a spouse of the owner or tenant of land bordering nontidal water or the spouse of any child who resides on the land with the owner or tenant when he fishes in nontidal water adjoining his land from the requirement of an angler's license
230	Natural Resources § 4-701(i)(2)	Allows a tidal fishing license holder to transfer the license to a spouse subject to the approval of the Department of Natural Resources
231	Natural Resources § 10-301(b)	Exempts a spouse of the owner of farmland, the owner's children's spouse, tenant's spouse, and the tenant's children's spouse residing on the property from the requirement of a hunting license for farmland hunting only
232	Public Safety § 1-202(b)	Provides a death benefit of \$50,000 to be paid to the surviving spouse of several kinds of public safety officers who are killed or die in the performance of duties
233	Public Safety § 1-202(c)	Provides a funeral benefit of \$10,000 to be paid to the surviving spouse of several kinds of public safety officers who are killed or die in the performance of duties
234	Public Safety § 5-136(a)(2)	Requires a spouse receiving a regulated firearm as a gift from the purchasing spouse to complete an application to purchase or transfer a regulated firearm and forward the application to the Secretary of State Police
235	Public Safety § 7-203	Requires the Board of Trustees of the Maryland State Firemen's Association to pay a death benefit to a decedent member of a volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad's surviving spouse in certain circumstances
236	Public Safety § 7-209(c)(3)	Provides that a surviving spouse benefit is discontinued when the survivor remarries
237	Public Safety § 14-212(a)(2)	Precludes an action for eviction or distress from being brought against a person in emergency management service or person suffering injury or damage if the premises are occupied for dwelling purposes by the spouse of the person in emergency management service or person suffering injury or damage
238	Public Utility Companies § 2-303(b)	Prohibits the spouse of each commissioner, the People's Counsel, the General Counsel, a hearing examiner, and each officer or employee of the Public Service Commission or Office of People's Counsel from holding an official relation to or connection with a public service company or having a pecuniary interest in a public service company
239	Public Utility Companies § 2-307(b)	Prohibits the spouse of each commissioner, the People's Counsel, the General Counsel, a hearing examiner, and each officer or employee of the Public Service Commission or Office of People's Counsel from accepting a gift, gratuity, or special consideration from a public service company or its officer, agent, or employee
240	Public Utility Companies § 2-308(b)	Prohibits a public service company or its officer, agent, or employee may not offer a gift, gratuity, or special consideration to the spouse of each commissioner, the People's Counsel, the General Counsel, a hearing examiner, and each officer or employee of the Public Service Commission or Office of People's Counsel

241	Real Property § 4-108	Allows a husband and wife holding property as tenants by the entirety to avoid straw deeds by acting jointly or individually to transfer to property interest to another type of estate
242	Real Property § 7-301	Provides certain protections for a residences in foreclosure, which is a residential real property consisting of not more than four single family dwelling units, one of which is occupied by the owner, or the owner's spouse or former spouse under a use and possession order issued under Title 8, Subtitle 2 of the Family Law Article, as the individual's principal place of residence, and against which an order to docket or a petition to foreclose has been filed
243	Real Property § 8-326	Subjects all goods on a leased premises naming husband or wife as tenant to levy under distress to the same extent as if both were named in the lease as tenants
244	Real Property § 11-138(d)(7)	Limits a local government's right to purchase a rental facility transferred to a spouse
245	Real Property § 14-121(b), (d)	Allows a spouse to request the owner of a burial site to grant reasonable access to the burial site for the purposes of: restoring of, maintaining of, viewing of, or transporting human remains for interment to a burial site
246	State Finance and Procurement § 13-221(b)(2), (c)(1)	Includes any interests held by an individual's spouse as interests held by that individual for purposes of disclosures to the Secretary of State regarding information about businesses contracting with the State for a \$100,000 or more
247	State Finance and Procurement §§ 14-301(g), 14-302(a)(7)	States that if, during the performance of a contract, a certified minority business enterprise contractor or subcontractor becomes ineligible to participate in the Minority Business Enterprise Program because one or more of its owners has a personal net worth, which includes in an individual's personal net worth any share of assets held jointly or as community property with the individual's spouse, that exceeds \$750,000, that ineligibility alone may not cause the termination of the certified minority business enterprise's contractual relationship for the remainder of the term of the contract; and the certified minority business enterprise's participation under the contract shall continue to be counted toward the program and contract goals
248	State Government § 2-107(b)	Prohibits a member of the General Assembly from employing a member's spouse or a spouse of a another member from the same legislative district for legislative business using public funds over which the member has direct control
249	State Government § 9-123(2)	Prohibits a spouse of an officer or employee of the State Lottery Agency who resides in the principal residence of the officer or employee from buying a State lottery ticket or share or receiving a prize
250	State Government §§ 15-102(s), 15-512(a)(1)(i)(2)	States that a disqualification of a member of the General Assembly from participating in any legislative action because of a conflict with the public interest cannot be suspended if the conflict is direct and personal to a member of the legislator's immediate family, which includes a spouse
251	State Government §§ 15-102(s), 15-513(b)(3)	Requires a legislator to report in writing to the Joint Ethics Committee the name of any business enterprise subject to regulation by a State agency in which the legislator and spouse together or separately have a certain amount of financial interest
252	State Government §§ 15-102(s), 15-607(e)(1)	Exempts a member of the General Assembly from filing a financial disclosure statement regarding any gift received by the member's spouse

253	State Government §§ 15-102(s), 15-704(b)(2)(vi)	Requires a regulated lobbyist to file with the Ethics Commission, under oath and for each registration, a separate report concerning the regulated lobbyist's lobbying activities including total expenditures in connection with influencing executive action or legislative action except meals and beverages for members of the immediate families, including spouses, of officials or employees
254	State Government §§ 15-102(s), 15-705(a)	Requires a regulated lobbyist to file a separate report disclosing the name of any member of the immediate family, including a spouse, of a State official of the Executive Branch who has benefited during the reporting period from gifts of meals or beverages from the regulated lobbyist, whether or not in connection with lobbying activities
255	State Government §§ 15-102(s), 15-710	Exempts a regulated lobbyist from disclosing any gift to the regulated lobbyist's immediate family, including a spouse, if the gift is purely personal and private in nature and not related to the regulated lobbyist's lobbying activities; and from the regulated lobbyist's personal funds and not attributable to any other entity or entities.
256	State Government § 15-505(c)(2)(x)(1)	Exempts an official or employee of State government from the general prohibition on solicitation or acceptance of gifts if the gift is from an individual related to the official or employee by blood or marriage
257	State Government § 15-608(a)(1)	Includes an interest held by a spouse of an individual to be reported as an interest of that individual in § 15-607
258	State Government § 15-849(a)(2)(i)	Requires a spouse who has made contributions to the treasurer of a candidate, a political committee, or a slate having a cumulative value of \$500 or more during the 48-month period before the application was filed or during the pendency of the application to file a disclosure providing certain information
259	State Government § 19-111(a)	Allows a spouse of a person serving in the armed forces of the United States to acknowledge an instrument
260	State Personnel and Pensions § 2-307(a)	Prohibits a State employee from directly supervising the employee's spouse
261	State Personnel and Pensions § 2-507(b)	Allows a surviving spouse of a State employee who died while employed by the State to enroll and participate in the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program
262	State Personnel and Pensions § 2-508(b)(2)	Allows a surviving spouse of a deceased retiree to enroll and participate in the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program
263	State Personnel and Pensions § 2-509(a)(3)	Allows a surviving spouse of a State employee with optional retirement to enroll and participate in the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program
264	State Personnel and Pensions § 2-511(b), (c)	Allows a surviving spouse of an employee or former employee of the Maryland Environmental Service and Northeast Maryland Waste Disposal Authority to enroll and participate in the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program
265	State Personnel and Pensions § 2-514(a)	Provides a special enrollment period in the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program for a nonparticipating State employee after the death of a spouse who was not a State employee
266	State Personnel and Pensions § 7-207(c)(2)(ii), (iii)	Provides the spouse of an eligible veteran who has a service connected disability, or the surviving spouse of a deceased eligible veteran with ten points on any selection test for an appointment in skilled or professional service

267	State Personnel and Pensions § 9-604	An employee may voluntarily donate unused annual, sick, or personal leave to another employee who has exhausted all available annual, personal, sick, and compensatory leave because of a serious and prolonged medical condition of the employee or a catastrophic illness or injury of a member of the employee's spouse
268	State Personnel and Pensions § 10-404(c)(1)(i)	Provides a death benefit of \$100,000 to the surviving spouse of certain State employees
269	State Personnel and Pensions § 10-404(c)(2)(i)	Provides a death benefit of \$50,000 to the surviving spouse of certain State employees
270	State Personnel and Pensions § 21-401(a)(2)	Allows a member of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System, State Police Retirement System, or Judges' Retirement System to elect a reduced allowance to be paid instead of the basic allowance provided by the system only if the member is not married at the time of retirement
271	State Personnel and Pensions § 21-503(2)	Requires the Board of Trustees to offer counseling about retirement benefits to an immediate family member if a member, former member or retiree in the State Retirement and Pension System consents
272	State Personnel and Pensions § 21-602(b)	Allows a surviving spouse of a member, former member, or retiree in the State Retirement and Pension System to elect to have all or any part of the eligible rollover distribution to be paid directly to an individual retirement account
273	State Personnel and Pensions § 22-305(a)(4)	Allows the surviving spouse of a member of the Teachers' Retirement System to pay for the appropriate final adjustment in certain circumstances
274	State Personnel and Pensions § 22-405(e), (f)	Allows the surviving spouse of a retired Governor or a Governor who died while in office to receive one-half of the Governor's retirement allowance
275	State Personnel and Pensions § 23-308(e)	Allows the surviving spouse of a member of the Teachers' Pension System who was making alternative methods of payment for service credit to may for the appropriate final adjustment in certain circumstances
276	State Personnel and Pensions § 24-401.1(i)(2)(i)	States that a surviving spouse is a designated beneficiary of a member of the Deferred Retirement Option Program in the State Police Retirement System
277	State Personnel and Pensions § 24-403(b)(1)	Requires the Board of Trustees of the State Police Retirement System to pay 50% of a deceased retiree's retirement allowance to a surviving spouse
278	State Personnel and Pensions § 24-404(a)(2)(i), (3)(i)	Requires the Board of Trustees of the State Police Retirement System to pay of a deceased retiree's special disability retirement allowance to a surviving spouse
279	State Personnel and Pensions § 26-401.1(i)(2)(i)	States that a surviving spouse is a designated beneficiary of a member of the Deferred Retirement Option Program in the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System
280	State Personnel and Pensions § 26-402(b)(1)	Requires the Board of Trustees of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System to pay 50% of a deceased retiree's retirement allowance to a surviving spouse
281	State Personnel and Pensions § 27-103	States that Title 27 outlining the Judges' Retirement System does not impair or reduce the benefits that a spouse of a member, former member, or retiree has been or would be entitled to receive under any public general law
282	State Personnel and Pensions § 27-403(a), (b)	Requires the Board of Trustees of the Judges' Retirement System to pay 50% of the retirement allowance of a member, former member, or retiree to the surviving spouse

283	State Personnel and Pensions § 27-404(2)	States that the payment of an allowance ends and further rights may not arise from service as a member of the Judges' Retirement System if the member leaves no surviving spouse or the surviving spouse dies and there are no children of the member under 18 years of age
284	State Personnel and Pensions § 27-407(b)	Prohibits a county from paying a supplement to a surviving spouse of a member, former member, or retiree of the Judges' Retirement System
285	State Personnel and Pensions § 29-203(a)(2)(i)(1)	Requires the Board of Trustees of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System to pay 50% of the ordinary disability retirement allowance of a member to the surviving spouse in certain circumstances
286	State Personnel and Pensions § 29-204(a)(2)(i)	Requires the Board of Trustees of the State Police Retirement System to pay the accumulated contributions to the designated beneficiary and 50% of the average final compensation of a member to the surviving spouse in certain circumstances
287	State Personnel and Pensions § 29-205	Allows a surviving spouse of a member of the Correctional Officers' Retirement System, Employees' Retirement System, Local Fire and Police System, or Teachers' Retirement System to elect to receive the death benefit or an allowance equal to the amount payable under Option 2 of the optional allowances under certain circumstances
288	State Personnel and Pensions § 29-206	Allows a surviving spouse of a member of the Employee's Pension System, teachers' Pension System, or the Local Fire and Police System to elect to receive the death benefit or an allowance equal to the amount payable under Option 2 of the optional allowances under certain circumstances
289	State Personnel and Pensions §§ 29-410 to 29-413	Sets out the manner unlimited adjustments are computed and minimum benefits are awarded for the surviving spouse of a member of certain retirement systems
290	State Personnel and Pensions §§ 29-416 to 29-418	Sets out the manner five percent limited adjustments are computed for the surviving spouse of a member of certain retirement systems
291	State Personnel and Pensions §§ 29-421, 29-422	Sets out the manner combinations adjustments determined for the surviving spouse of a member of certain retirement systems
292	Tax General § 7-203(b)(2)	Exempts a spouse of a decedent, a spouse of a child of a decedent, or a spouse of a lineal descendant of a child of a decedent from the inheritance tax
293	Tax General § 7-203(k)(2)(ii)(2)	Exempts a spouse of a Holocaust victim from the inheritance tax on amounts received by a decedent as reparations or restitution for loss of liberty or damage to health
294	Tax General § 7-209(c)(2)	States that when property passes from a decedent to a husband and wife as tenants by the entireties and only one spouse is entitled to exemption from the inheritance tax, 50% of property is exempt from taxation and the remaining 50% is subject to the tax
295	Tax General § 10-207(e-1)(2)	States that a subtraction from the federal adjusted gross income to determine Maryland adjusted gross income includes a payment from a pension system to the surviving spouse of a law enforcement officer or fire fighter whose death arose in the course of duty
296	Tax General § 10-207(r)(2)	States that a subtraction from the federal adjusted gross income to determine Maryland adjusted gross income includes the lesser of \$1,200 or the modified Maryland adjusted gross income of the spouse with the lesser modified Maryland adjusted gross income for a two-income married couple filing a joint tax return

297	Tax General § 10-207(t)(2)(ii)(2)	States that a subtraction from the federal adjusted gross income to determine Maryland adjusted gross income includes amounts received by an individual as reparations or restitution for loss of liberty or damage to health because they are a spouse of a Holocaust victim
298	Tax General § 10-209(b)	States that a subtraction from the federal adjusted gross income equal to the lesser of certain retirement benefits to determine Maryland adjusted gross income is allowed if a Maryland resident's spouse is totally disabled
299	Tax General § 10-217(c)	Sets out the amounts of the standard deduction to compute Maryland taxable income for an individual described as a surviving spouse and for spouses filing a joint return
300	Tax General § 10-709(a), (b)	Allows an eligible low income taxpayer's spouse filing a joint tax return to claim a credit against the State income tax for a taxable year
301	Tax General § 10-718(b)	Allows an individual to claim a credit against the State income tax in an amount equal to 100% of the eligible long-term care premiums paid by the individual during the taxable year for long-term care insurance covering the individual's spouse
302	Tax General § 10-807	Requires that a husband and wife who file a joint federal income tax return to file a joint Maryland income tax return except in certain circumstances
303	Tax General § 10-808(c)(2)	Requires an individual's surviving spouse to file their decedent spouse's tax return if they die and there is no personal representative
304	Tax General § 13-905(b)	Requires the Comptroller to pay a claim of refund to the estate of a decedent if the decedent's tax return was filed jointly by the surviving spouse
305	Tax Property § 7-207(c)	Exempts the dwelling house of a surviving spouse of a blind individual from property tax if the house had formerly been exempt
306	Tax Property § 7-208(b), (c), (g), (h)	Exempts the dwelling house of a surviving spouse of a disabled veteran from property tax given certain requirements and authorizes refunds of property tax not exempted as well as interest for such tax assessed
307	Tax Property §§ 8-226 to 8-228	Includes spouses and former spouses who have been permitted under a court order or separation agreement to reside in a dwelling in which they have interest in the definition of "homeowner"; provides homeowners with an application process to rezone real property as residential real property for property assessment purposes; exception for spouses to the general rule that transfer of a rezoned real property ceases to be rezoned
308	Tax Property § 9-101(f)	Allows an unmarried surviving spouse of a homeowner to claim a property tax credit for elderly or disabled homeowners
309	Tax Property § 9-104(h)	Allows an unmarried surviving spouse of a homeowner to claim a property tax credit for disabled veterans
310	Tax Property § 9-210(b)	Allows the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore City or the governing body of a county or municipal corporation to grant a property tax credit against the county or municipal corporation property tax imposed on a dwelling that is owned by a surviving spouse of a fallen law enforcement officer or rescue worker
311	Tax Property § 12-108(c)(1), (d)	Exempts a spouse or former spouse from the recordation tax if property subject to a mortgage or deed of trust, or an instrument of writing that transfers property, is transferred to a spouse or former spouse

312	Tax Property § 13-207(a)(2), (3)	Exempts a spouse or former spouse from the transfer tax if property subject to a mortgage or deed of trust, or an instrument of writing that transfers property, is transferred to a spouse or former spouse
313	Tax Property § 13-403	Exempts a spouse or former spouse from the county transfer tax if an instrument of writing that transfers property in accordance with a property settlement or divorce decree is transferred to a spouse or former spouse
314	Transportation § 8-309(i)	Establishing the right of a former owner, including a decedent's surviving spouse, to reacquire land to be conveyed by the Board of Public Works
315	Transportation § 13-118	Requires a person whose name has changed by marriage to both notify and apply for a corrected certificate of title for a vehicle at the Motor vehicle Administration within 30 days, respectively
316	Transportation § 13-414(b)	Requires a person who has applied for or obtained the registration of a vehicle and whose name has changed by marriage to notify the Motor Vehicle Administration within 30 days and apply for a corrected registration certificate
317	Transportation 13-503.1	Allows a married couple to execute certain kinds of transfers of vehicle registration plates and enable the transferee to continue using the transferred plates
318	Transportation § 13-619	Allows a surviving spouse of a member of an organization considered eligible by the Motor Vehicle Administration to apply for a special registration number
319	Transportation § 13-810(c)(1), (5)	Exempts a vehicle from the excise tax on the transfer of the vehicle to a spouse or a former spouse as a result of divorce or separation and issuance of a subsequent certificate of title
320	Transportation § 13-903(a)(9)	Exempts a vehicle from registration fees if the vehicle is owned and personally used by an individual who is at least 65 years old and is the surviving spouse of a deceased disabled veteran
321	Transportation § 16-116(b)	Requires a person who has applied for or obtained a driver's license and whose named has changed by marriage to notify the Motor Vehicle Administration within 30 days in writing
322	Transportation § 23-106(a)(2)(i)	Exempts a spouse from providing the inspection certificate when transferring a used car to another spouse
323	Article 2B § 8-217	In Prince George's County, it is unlawful for any person under the age of 18 years, between 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., to be on the premises of the holder of any Class B or Class D alcohol license, unless the person is in the immediate company of his spouse
324	Article 2B § 9-212	In Garrett County, a surviving spouse that holds a deceased licensee's alcohol license is exempt from any issuing fees on the license
325	Article 2B § 10-506	Upon the death of any married alcohol licensee, a new license shall be issued to the surviving spouse, who may also be eligible for a renewal license
326	Article 2B § 11-502	In Anne Arundel County, no person under the age of 18 is allowed on the premises of any bowling alley with a Class B or Class D alcohol license between 2:00 a.m. and 6 a.m., unless the person is accompanied by a spouse
327	Article 25 § 3 (g-1) - (g-4)	Various pension plans for Charles County employees, contain disability provisions and death benefits for spouses and/or minor children
328	Article 25 § 3 (pp)(1)	If the Board of Commissioners of Calvert County establishes a pension plan for the Calvert County Sheriff's department, the plan shall include death benefits for spouses and children

329	Article 25 § 51	The Deputy Treasurer of Garrett County may not be related to the County Treasurer by blood or marriage
330	Article 28 § 2-115	No commissioner on the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission may knowingly participate in a decision affecting the financial interest of a person related to the commissioner or the commissioner's spouse.
331	Article 28 § 5-105.1	Whenever the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission acquires real property that results in the displacement of a person from his place of business or farm, eligible persons are entitled to a payment equal to the average annual net earnings of the business or farm operation displaced; annual net earnings includes any compensation paid by the business or farm to the owner's spouse
332	Article 41 § 6-7A-03	Under the Community Attendant Services and Supports Program, of the Department of Human Resources, the consumer's spouse is barred from receiving medical assistance payments for providing services.
333	Article 66B § 5.03	Refers to Real Property Code § 14-121's provision regarding access and the granting of an easement by an individual who is related to the interred by blood or marriage
334	Article 70B § 1	"Congregate housing services" means services provided in an apartment building that promote independent living and include congregate meals, housekeeping, and personal services for: an individual at least 62 years old who has temporary or periodic difficulty with one more essential activities of daily living, and the spouse of a person previously described who is at least 55 years old and who has difficulty with life activities as well.
335	Article 70B § 26	For the purposes of the Senior Citizens Activities Centers Capital Improvement Grants Program, projects that receive grants shall be for "elderly citizens," which means people 60 years or older or spouses of people 60 years or older
336	Article 83B § 2-611	The Maryland Home Financing Program permits the transfer of a mortgaged property or an interest therein without monetary consideration to a spouse, child, or immediate family member, or in connection with the death of borrower, a divorce decree, or a legal separation agreement
337	Article 88A § 77	On the death of any recipient of public assistance, the total amount of assistance paid shall be allowed as a claim against the estate. But no such claim shall be enforced against any real estate while it is occupied by the recipient's surviving spouse or dependents.
338	Article 88A § 85	Under the Department of Human Resources, Community Home Care Services, "elderly persons" is defined as those of at least 65 years, and their spouses regardless of age.
339	Article 96 1/2 § 48	Special credit and merits may be extended to the spouses of veterans for the purposes of appointment to positions in municipal or county government made by merit based systems.