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13 14 15 16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SPOKANE	
117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	SULEIMAN ABDULLAH SALIM, et al.,  Plaintiffs,  vs.  JAMES E. MITCHELL and JOHN JESSEN,  Defendants.	DEFENDANTS' REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL IMES, DEPOSITIONS, AND FOR RELIEF FOR RELATED DEADLINES [ECF No. 97]  Without Oral Argument December 16, 2016
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REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL [ECF No. 97] NO. 15-CV-286-JLQ 139114.00602/104248258v.1

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Defendants submit this Reply in further support of their Motion to Compel.

#### I. THIS COURT HAS THE AUTHORITY TO GRANT THE MOTION.

Defendants do not ask the Court to "order the issuance of visas." Opp. at 1. Rather, Defendants ask this Court to order that Plaintiffs' depositions and IMEs are to be conducted in the U.S.—*i.e.*, the forum *Plaintiffs* unilaterally selected.

Plaintiffs should not find it surprising that securing visas for foreign individuals captured, detained and identified as "enemy combatants" by the U.S. has been challenging. But the cost of Plaintiffs' decision not to start the process until eight and twelve months, respectively, after filing suit in October 2015 should not be imposed on *Defendants*. The Watt Declaration concedes that: (1) Soud's visa process was not begun until October 27, 2016, ECF 111-2 ¶ 41; and (2) Salim's visa process was not begun until June 2016, and Plaintiffs did not schedule his interview until November, *id.* ¶¶ 15-16, despite concerns his visa would be difficult to obtain. Opp. at 4 n.2. Notably, counsel only fully divulged the status of Salim and Soud's visas on November 29—weeks *after* the Motion to Compel.

Plaintiffs also admit there is a general rule requiring plaintiffs to travel to the forum in which they chose to sue, *id.* at 7, and continue to seek visas for Soud and Salim. *Id.* at 5. This Court thus has the authority to grant the Motion to Compel; indeed, the *Al Shimari v. CACI Premier Tech* court granted very similar relief. *See* Case No. 1:08-cv-827, ECF No. 205 (E.D. Va. Feb. 14, 2013). Plaintiffs made the choice to file suit in the U.S. and not to pursue a valid way to enter the country; Plaintiffs should bear any costs, including delay, attendant to that decision.

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### II. PLAINTIFFS' PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE LOCATIONS FOR DEPOSITIONS AND/OR IMES ARE UNDULY PREJUDICIAL.

Plaintiffs' proposed international IME locations are unacceptable from a safety, cost and/or logistical standpoint. Turkey is currently under a travel warning from the U.S. State Department due to increased threats from terrorist groups. *See* ECF 97 at 4; <a href="https://travel.state.gov/content/passports/en/alertswarnings/turkey-travelwarning.html">https://travel.state.gov/content/passports/en/alertswarnings/turkey-travelwarning.html</a>. The threat is even greater here—given that Defendants are accused of torturing multiple foreign detainees labeled by the U.S. as "enemy combatants," ECF 105 at 2-4, and the other travelers would be attorneys or doctors working on Defendants' behalf. *See* <a href="http://time.com/4508921/turkey-syria-isis-terrorism">http://time.com/4508921/turkey-syria-isis-terrorism</a> (U.S. Consulate warns of terror threats against American hotels); *see also* <a href="http://fox13now.com/2016/10/29/turkey-us-orders-istanbul-consulate-staff-families-to-leave-due-to-terrorism-threats/">http://fox13now.com/2016/10/29/turkey-us-orders-istanbul-consulate-staff-families-to-leave-due-to-terrorism-threats/</a> (U.S. orders Istanbul consulate staff families to leave the country due to terrorism threats).

What is more, Defendants' experts are all practicing doctors and experts in their respective fields. Sworn statements regarding their perceived difficulty in obtaining licensing/access to appropriate facilities to conduct IMEs in other countries is more than sufficient to elucidate these issues for the Court. ECF 97 at 9. Tellingly, Plaintiffs offer nothing more than generic, contrarian statements about the purported efficacy of using foreign facilities. Opp. at 8-9. But in so doing, Plaintiffs try to turn this issue on its head. It is not Defendants' burden to

Although such sworn statements are alone sufficient, Dr. Pitman also contacted a colleague in the UK regarding conducting IMEs there, and was informed that it was a near impossibility. Reply Declaration of Roger Pitman M.D., ¶¶ 6-8. He also attempted to reach a doctor in Istanbul, but received no response. *Id.* ¶¶ 9-10.

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prove that there are adequate facilities/personnel in the locations Plaintiffs propose; rather, *Plaintiffs* must prove such alternative locations outside their selected forum are appropriate to overcome the demonstrated prejudice/difficulty in forcing Defendants—and, more importantly, *their experts*—to suspend their practices to travel to unsafe locales; not to mention the time/expense needed to find adequate medical equipment/personnel. Plaintiffs have not and cannot make this showing.

Separately, the unique challenges of this case further favor holding depositions in the U.S. First, Defendants merely seek to notice Plaintiffs' depositions for the same time period each would be in the U.S. for IMEs. Second, in addition to the issues raised above, Defendants have explained how videoconference depositions are inadequate, and thus, unduly prejudicial.<sup>2</sup> Indeed, Plaintiffs seek substantial physical/emotional damages, making their depositions "critical." Simply put, it "is doubtful that these critical depositions, central to the case, can be effectively and efficiently taken by video conference in light of the probable length of the depositions, the need for exhibits, and the burden of deposing Plaintiffs' through a translator." *Almonacid v. Cessna Aircraft Co.*, 2012 WL 1059681, at \*1 (D. Kan. Mar. 28, 2012). Third, Plaintiffs claim Salim suffers from "severe-traumatic stress disorder, including high anxiety interview situations

While F.R.C.P 28(b)(1) permits foreign depositions, meeting the requirements of a deposition in a foreign location can create unique hardships due to additional concerns over treaty issues, blocking statutes, and challenges obtaining someone to administer the oath. *See* Craig Allely, KEY STEPS TO SUCCESSFUL FOREIGN DEPOSITIONS (Dec. 1, 2016), *available at* <a href="https://apps.americanbar.org/litigation/litigationnews/trial-skills/032712-tips-successful-depositions.html">https://apps.americanbar.org/litigation/litigationnews/trial-skills/032712-tips-successful-depositions.html</a>.

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(because they resemble interrogations)." Opp. at 4 n.2. If true, this only bolsters Defendants' need for an in-person deposition so as to observe his demeanor.<sup>3</sup>

#### III. THE SCOPE OF DEFENDANTS' PROPOSED IMES IS PROPER.

Plaintiffs' Complaint alleges a significant list of injuries. ECF 97 at 2. And according to Plaintiffs' own expert report from REDACTED FILED UNDER SEAL (submitted *after* the Motion to Compel), Plaintiffs acknowledge that Salim needs *inter alia*, "REDACTED FILED UNDER SEAL

"Declaration of Jeffery Rosenthal ("Rosenthal Decl."), **Ex. AA** at 24, 26. Nor are Plaintiffs in a position to nit-pick at the type of medical testing contemplated by Defendants' experts. Opp. at 10.

Plaintiffs also claim Defendants have failed to confer on the scope of IMEs. Opp. at 10 n. 4. This is disingenuous.<sup>4</sup> When given an opportunity to limit and/or amend the claimed injuries in their recent discovery responses, Plaintiffs removed only *one allegation—i.e.*, Salim's rectal injury—after admitting to being "unaware of any facts that would establish the Defendants' responsibility" for said injury.

<sup>3</sup> Courts routinely compel parties to attend depositions in the forum. See P.Y.M.T.

v. City of Fresno, 2016 WL 2930539, at \*2 (E.D. Cal. May 19, 2016); Jack v.

Trans World Airlines, Inc., 1994 WL 90107, at \*1 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 4, 1994).

<sup>4</sup> Defendants sought clarity *before* filing the Motion, ECF 111-2, Ex. A at 3-4, and

REDACTED continues to opine thereabout. Rosenthal Decl., Ex. AA at 19, 21, 26.

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1	Opp. at 9; ECF 111-2, Ex. B. <sup>5</sup> Given this key concession, the question becomes	
2	Where do Plaintiffs draw the line as to which alleged injuries the seek to hold	
3	Defendants responsible? Soud alleges he was shot in the foot during his capture	
4	ECF 1 ¶ 118. But Defendants were not responsible or involved in Soud's capture	
5	or detention. Plaintiffs should first reassess their alleged injuries under this rubric	
6	and advise Defendants what injuries in their Complaint or expert report(s) are now	
7	"off the table." Defendants remain open to amending the IMEs' scope to alig	
8	with an updated list of injuries—should Plaintiff remove other injuries for which	
9	Defendants are "not responsible." But until then, the scope of the IMEs are proper	
10	IV. CONCLUSION.	
11	The Motion to Compel should be granted, and this Court should enter a	
12	Order: (1) requiring Plaintiffs to appear for IMEs/depositions in the U.S.; and (2)	
13	advising Plaintiffs failure to attend said IMEs/depositions could lead to sanctions.	
14	DATED this 7th day of December, 2016.	
15	BLANK ROME LLP	
16		
17	By: <u>s/Brian S. Paszamant</u> James T. Smith, admitted <i>pro hac vice</i>	
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23	While Defendants will forego a rectal exam in light of this concession, it puts i	
24	question the relevancy of the act allegedly resulting in such injuries; Plaintiffs hav	
25	not stated if they intend to present such evidence at trial. ECF 111-2, Ex. A at 4.	

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the 7th day of December, 2016, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:

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